

# Presentation to the IWA AGM September 27th 2025



## **LET'S TALK ABOUT HVO**



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On behalf of the IWA Sustainable Boating Group





➤ A 'second generation' biofuel produced from vegetable oils reacted with hydrogen at 300° C



> Offe min

emi

and

60% Emissions reductions

**B100** 

2nd Generation Biofuel



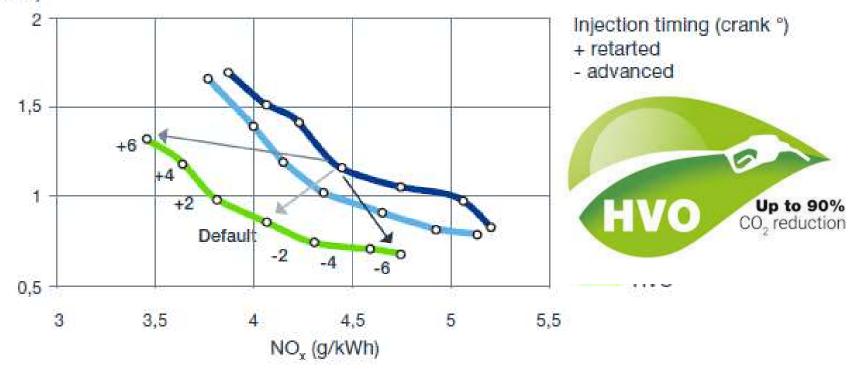
**90%** Emissions reductions







Particulates (smoke-FSN)



#### WHAT IS HVO NOT?



- ➤ It is <u>not</u> the biodiesel we are all currently buying at 7% in mineral diesel for our cars and boats.
- > That is 'FAME' (Fatty Acid Methyl Ester) biodiesel, made from the same raw materials but by a different process
- > 'FAME' production uses methanol and produces glycerol as a by product



#### WHAT HVO IS NOT?



- > 'FAME' biodiesel, a 'first generation' product, suffers, particularly in a marine environment from:
  - > Being more hygroscopic than mineral diesel
  - > Deterioration in storage
  - > 'Saponification' of residual glycerol, blocking filters, pumps and injectors
- > B7 diesel is currenty giving 'sticky fuel' problems in marine engines



## **HVO**



- > Suffers from none of the problems that afflict 'FAME' biodiesel
- > Is much more biodegradable than mineral diesel



Fast.
Reliable.
Sustainable.

- > Is not hygroscopic
- > Does not suffer from 'diesel bug'





- > Does not deteriorate in storage
- > Can be mixed with mineral diesel in any concentration
- > Requires no adjustments to any equipment, in the boat or ashore



Fast.
Reliable.
Sustainable.

#### **CAN YOU USE HVO?**



All 'modern' canal boat engines are certified by their 'base' manufacturers as suitable to un in the with the contract of the

modification

> The IWA has coduct trials in 'traditional' canal boat engines, heaters and cookers.

> HVO performs as well, and in some cases runs better and cleaner than mineral diesel



#### WHY ARE WE NOT USING HVO?



- > Boaters are suspicious of it through lack of knowledge
- > It is not generally available at the bankside to leisure boaters
- > It is more expensive than mineral diesel, in spite of 'benefiting' from a subsidy scheme (RTFC's)
- > Regulatory complexities make it very difficult for suppliers to service our small retail market



Therefore, boaters do not buy it, retailers do not stock it, and suppliers are reluctant to supply it to the leisure boating market

#### THE HVO JOINT WORKING GROUP

- INLAND WATERWAYS
- > A co-operation between the IWA, the RYA, British Marine and the Cruising Association
- > Objectives:

"To use our combined resources to attempt to influence government policy so that HVO becomes available to Recreational Boaters at an acceptable price"

> We are currently trying to generate a demand for HVO from 'ordinary' boaters





It will not be possible to decarbonise the existing fleet until HVO is available at the bankside at a price boaters are prepared to pay







**≻ Visit our HVO Website:** 



https://waterways.org.uk/waterways/sites/hvo-overview

#### WHAT CAN YOU DO?



- > Use HVO whenever you can get it
- > Inform your fuel supplier (marina, boatyard, hire base) that you would buy HVO if they stocked it
- ➤ Lobby or write to your MP asking them to pressurise the Government to adopt policies that will make HVO available and affordable to leisure boaters







Founded in 1946

### To Preserve the Inland Waterways

**And Still Doing It!** 

**Visit our HVO Website:** 





**The IWA Sustainable Boating Group** 



## **HVO AND CONTAMINATION**



- > HVO is a very clean fuel without FAME and is very unlikely to suffer from diesel bug
- > There is no need to add any further treatments



> Any required additives will have been added by fuel manufacturer to meet specification requirements

## **HVO AND CONTAMINATION**



- > Overtreatment with some emulsifying diesel bug additives can lead to additive drop out which appears as glutinous globules
- > In the very unlikely event of diesel bug then a biocide additive should be used



➤ Keeping water out of the fuel and removing water from lowest point of the fuel tank is the most effective way of preventing most fuel problems