

# GUIDANCE NOTE

Safety Signs & Signals

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First published as v.1 in 2022. This is a web-friendly document and will be reviewed and updated when the source legislation changes. Any printed version may not be the latest version and a check should be made on IWA website. IWA has interpreted the current legislation, as dated in the document, in good faith but the reader should check for themselves that it is the latest version and that they are acting within the legal framework.

### INTRODUCTION

Safety signs should be used to reduce risk where other control methods are not sufficient on their own. Signs are not a substitute for other controls. Other means of communicating health and safety instructions on site includes hand signals, acoustic signals and verbal communications, such as pre-recorded evacuation messages.

Volunteers need to be aware of and understand the meaning of safety signs and signals either seen or heard during their work. In some instances it is a legal requirement to display certain notices.



## THE HEALTH & SAFETY (SIGNS & SIGNALS) REGULATIONS (1996)

The regulations require that safety signs are provided and maintained where there is a significant risk to health and safety that has not been removed by other control measures and is only appropriate where the signs should help to reduce the risk.

When and where safety signs are needed will be determined by the risk assessment carried out under the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations. The signs will be used where there is a significant residual risk once other control measures have been put in place. Certain fire safety signs need to be displayed in all circumstances under separate legal provisions.

The meaning
of any sign must be
clearly explained to and
understood by volunteers.
They should be made
aware of the consequences
of not obeying
the signs.

The regulations are about providing information or instruction about safety or health at work using a signboard, a colour, an illuminated sign, acoustic signal, a verbal communication or hand signal.

The regulations cover various ways of communicating health and safety information and the following terms are used:

- 1 Safety and /or health: providing information or instruction about safety or health at work using a signboard, a colour, an illuminated sign or acoustic signal, a verbal communication or hand signal.
- 2 Signboard: a sign which provides information or instructions by a combination of shape, colour and a symbol or pictogram.
- **3 Prohibition sign:** prohibiting behaviour likely to increase or cause danger.
- **4 Warning sign:** giving warning of a hazard or danger.
- **5 Mandatory sign:** prescribing a particular behaviour.
- **6** Emergency escape or first-aid sign: giving information on emergency exits, first-aid or rescue facilities.
- 7 Safety colour: colour to which a specific meaning is assigned.
- 8 Symbol or pictogram: for use on a sign board or illuminated sign, and are shown in schedule 1 of the regulations.
- 9 Illuminated sign: sign made of transparent or translucent material and illuminated from inside or the rear.

- **10 Acoustic sign:** sound signal transmitted without the use of human or artificial voice.
- 11 Verbal communication: predetermined spoken message given by human or artificial voice.
- Hand signal: recognised signal using the position or movement of the arms or hands to guide people who are carrying out manoeuvres.
- or acoustic sign) providing information on escape routes or emergency exits in case of fire, information on fire-fighting equipment and warning of a fire.

The regulations do not apply to signs for the supply of dangerous substances or the transport of the same.

Colour	Meaning or purpose	Instructions & information	
Red	Prohibited sign, danger alarm, fire-fighting equipment.	Dangerous behaviour. Stop, shutdown, emergency cut out devices, evacuate. Identification and location.	
Yellow/amber	Warning sign.	Be careful, take precautions examine.	
Blue	Mandatory sign.	Specific behaviour. Wear protective equipment.	
Green	Emergency escape, first aid. No danger.	Doors, exits, routes, equipment, facilities. Return to normal.	

### SIGNBOARDS (FROM SCHEDULE 1 OF THE REGULATIONS)

Taken from Health and Safety Executive (HSE) guidance L64.

### **PROHIBITION SIGNS**

Round shape, black pictogram on a white background, red edging and diagonal line.



No access for unauthorised persons

No access for pedestrians



Smoking and naked flames forbidden





Not



Do not touch



Do not

#### **WARNING SIGNS**

Triangular shape, black pictogram on a yellow background with black edging.



Flammable material or high temperature







Corrosive material



Radioactive material









General danger







Non-ionising radiation



Strong magnetic field

Biological risk







Low temperature

This sign has been deleted from the list by the UK CLP Regulations and should not be used.

Harmful or irritant material



No access for

industrial vehicles

No smoking

### **MANDATORY SIGNS**

### Round shape, white pictogram on a blue background.





Respiratory equipment must be worn



Safety harness must be worn



Pedestrian must use this route



Safety helmet must be worn

Ear protection

must be worn

Safety gloves

must be worn

Safety overalls

must be worn



Safety boots must be worn



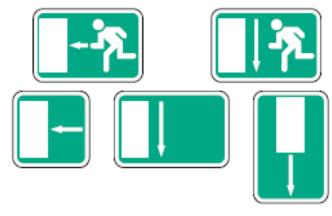
Face protection must be worn



General mandatory sign (to be accompanied where necessary by another sign)

### **EMERGENCY ESCAPE OR FIRST-AID SIGNS**

Rectangular or square shape, white pictogram on a green background.



**Examples of BS EN ISO 7010** 









Supplementary 'This way' signs for emergency exits/escape routes









Eyewash

### SIGNS FOR MARKING OBSTACLES AND DANGEROUS LOCATIONS

Can be yellow and black or red and white diagonal stripes.



First aid signs



First aid poster



Safety shower



Stretcher



Emergency telephone for first aid or escape

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### FIRE-FIGHTING SIGNS

Rectangular or square shape, white pictogram on a red background.







Fire extinguisher Ladder







### WARNING SIGNS - CHEMICAL LABELLING AND PACKAGING

Not in schedule 1, but laid down in annex V to the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances Regulation, known as CLP) diamond shape, black pictogram on white background with red edging.









Gas under pressure

Explosive

Oxidising





Flammable

Corrosive

Health hazard











toxicity





Serious health hazard

Harmful to the environment

### **CODED HAND SIGNALS**

Meaning	Description	Illustration
General signals		
START Attention, start of command	Both arms are extended horizontally with the palms facing forwards	START
STOP Interruption End of movement	The right arm points upwards with the palm facing forwards	STOP
END of the operation	Both hands are clasped at chest height	END

Vertical movements		
RAISE	The right arm points upwards with the palm facing forward and slowly makes a circle	RAISE
LOWER	The right arm points downwards with the palm facing inwards and slowly makes a circle	LOWER
VERTICAL DISTANCE	The hands indicate the relevant distance	VERTICAL DISTANCE

### **Horizontal movements**

MOVE FORWARDS Both arms are bent with the palms facing upwards, and the forearms make slow movements towards the body



MOVE BACKWARDS Both arms are bent with the palms facing downwards, and the forearms make slow movements away from the body



RIGHT to the signalman's

The right arm is extended more or less horizontally with the palm facing downwards and slowly makes small movements to the right



LEFT to the signalman's

The left arm is extended more or less horizontally with the palm facing downwards and slowly makes small movements to the left



#### **GUIDANCE NOTE**

HORIZONTAL DISTANCE

The hands indicate the relevant distance



### Danger

DANGER Emergency stop Both arms point upwards with the palms facing forwards



QUICK All movements faster
SLOW All movements slower

There is a
voluntary code of
hand signals when an
excavator is used as a
crane. A link is provided
in useful resources
on p.14.

### **COLOUR CODING OF FIRE EXTINGUISHERS**

Extinguishing medium	Water: for wood, textile and solid material fires	Foam: for liquid fires	Powder: for liquid and electrical fires  Specialist dry powder: for metal fires	Carbon dioxide: for wood, paper, textiles, liquid and electrical fires	Wet chemical: for wood, paper, textile, cooking oil and solid material fires
Colour of panel	Red	Cream	Blue	Black	Yellow
Where not to use	Do not use on liquid, electrical or metal fires	Do not use on electrical or metal fires	Note: check for M28 or L2 text printed on extinguisher to confirm that it is suitable for metal fires	Do not use on metal fires	Do not use on liquid, gas or electrical fires

### **GUIDANCE NOTE**

### **USEFUL RESOURCES:**

The Health and Safety (Safety Signs and Signals)
Regulations

HSE guidance: Safety Signs and Signals, L64

Voluntary code of practice for hand signals when an excavator is used as a crane

Sign up to read the full Practical Restoration Handbook and supporting resources here: waterways.org.uk/practicalrestorationhandbook



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